The Daily Sentinel.

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DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

INTERVIEW OF SERGEANT BATES WITH THE PRESIDENT—INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF HIS TRIP FROM VICKSBURG—MESSAGES FROM THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE TO THE PRESIDENT—DEVOTION TO THE "OLD FLAG"—REASONS FOR UNDERTAKING THE JOURNEY—MONEY OFFERINGS AND HOSPITALITY ON THE ROUTE—A RECOVERED FLAG.

WASHINGTON, April 16, 1868.

Sergeant Bates called on the President on Thursday to perform what he considered a very agreeable duty; that duty, he said, was to deliver to the President the kind messages for the Chief Magistrate of the nation which he had received in the swamps and in the woods, along the stretches of pine forest through which his route now and then lay, at the lonely farm-house and in the villages, cities, and towns. "Tell the President," said a gray haired man, "we are praying for him." "Say to him," said hundreds, "God bless him." Many, very many, begged the Sergeant to tell the President that their hope was that Heaven would bless Andrew Johnson in his efforts to secure their rights "in the old Union."

"At Richmond, Virginia," continued Sergeant Bates, "a fine looking old lady, pushing through the crowd, came to me as I was making my way out of the city, and with the tears coursing her cheeks, said, as she took my hand, "Tell Andrew Johnson that he has the earnest prayers of the matrons of Virginia for his welfare and happiness." Gray-haired men, trembling with age, invoked upon President Johnson Heaven's blessing.

"Just beyond Montgomery, Ala., my flag was decorated with flowers and a laurel wreath by a young lady, who said to her mother, as she returned to me my colors, 'I wish I could send by Sergeant Bates a bouquet to President Johnson.' They would dismiss schools to meet me, and many of the little girls would want to kiss me and to wave my flag. My rooms have been decorated with evergreens, and in North Carolina girls strewed my way with flowers, and penned bouquets upon my breast.

"In passing through North Carolina and Virginia I had a bouquet in my hand every hour of the day. I honestly believe, sir, that in every State through which I have passed in my long journey, I could raise a thousand men for the defence of the flag as quickly as I could anywhere in the entire Union. I have taken by the hand dozens of ex-Confederate soldiers, whose warm grasp, quivering lips, and moistened eyes could not lie. In Georgia, for instance, I met a man who had served in the rebel armies and who had been watching for me along the road. He had been engaged in chopping wood. I accompanied him to his home, distant about two miles. On the way he told me that the grave of his brother, who had fallen in the rebel cause, was not far from the road-side. I went with him to the spot; he stood upon one side of the grave and I upon the other. A plain wooden headboard marked the place, and as I was reading the inscription, he asked why such a bad state of feeling should continue to prevail—reaching his hand over the grave of his brother. I clasped it; and will any one say I did wrong in taking by the hand one against whom I had fought, but who now was willing to stand by the good old flag?

"In North Carolina I met an old man who had served in the rebel forces. He was quite old for one who, but a short time since, had carried a gun and knapsack.—The poor old man during the war had lost two sons and a son-in-law, his only supports. It was eight miles to the Catawba, the bridge over which had been destroyed by Stoneman. It had been rebuilt, was very high, and bad to cross. This old soldier took such interest in me—I had stopped over night in the house where he lived—that he went with me to the bridge, and led me over, for fear that I might fall and hurt myself.

"Between Selma and Montgomery, in Alabama, I went to an elegant residence, occupied by a gentleman named White, on a plantation called White Hall. Mr. White himself came to the door. My flag was unfurled, but he did not know me, nor had he heard of my singular journey. He, however, warmly welcomed me, and I explained how I had come to seek shelter under his roof. During the war, he told me, Wilson had passed through that country and destroyed all he had. During a talk of two hours there was hardly a moment that his eyes were not moistened with tears. In the morning I found my flag decorated by his daughter with wreaths of laurel and flowers. He went with me on my way about a mile, and finally said he would have to leave me. I took him by the hand. A gentle breeze was blowing, and the flag, held in my left hand, was flying. The old man tried to bid me good-bye, but he broke down, and for minutes wept like a child."

At the request of the President, the Sergeant explained the circumstances under which he had undertaken the long journey which he had just concluded. "Persons," said he, "made assertions which I believed to be both foolish and unfounded. I contradicted them, saying that I did not care for their individual opinions, but as, perhaps, thousands believed as they did, I would make a proposition, that, if carried out, would disprove their theory. I thereupon made an offer to do what I have done. I did not think my proposition would be accepted, nor did the principal person of those to whom I rather think I would dare to carry out my plan. He, however, at once accepted my offer, and dared me to fulfil its terms. He had declared, for instance, that if the Government would withdraw the military forces from the South and leave the flags flying, the Union soldiers would hardly be out of sight before the colors would be torn down and trampled in the dust. I replied that I was a poor man, that I was not in a condition to undertake the journey, but that if he would give me a dollar a day for my family while I was gone, I would go to Vicksburg, and would, alone, unarmed, and without money, carry the American flag from that place to Washington. I was told that my life would not be worth a cent; that, indeed, I would never be permitted to leave Vicksburg alive.—Articles of agreement were drawn up, and I was dared to sign them. I did so, and thus bound myself to their performance. I went home, thought over the matter, saw it was a novel enterprise, and would attract some attention, but did not think it would receive the notice it has. I felt sure I would be treated well, and that the flag would be respected; but I had no idea that the people would take so much pains to show their respect for the flag, or that I would receive such an ovation. There was, sir, during the entire journey, not a breath uttered against the flag or myself, whether in the rich man's parlor or in the poor man's cabin; whether on the road or in the city, the old flag has received the respect and homage of all, and myself welcome and hospitality.

"I was determined to carry out the plan. I have done so, and when I reached Washington I had not a penny in my pocket. I did not know where I was to get a meal, or where to find a resting place. I have had money enough offered me on the route to make me rich for life; but I have not accepted a cent, nor have I sold a photograph, as some have said, during my journey.

"Mr. President, I recaptured one of our flags without expending a shot. It was a flag that had been taken from us at Chancellorsville, and it was handed to me by an ex-Confederate soldier, who had preserved it at his home.

"Before I leave I will again call on you to show a sash presented to me by the ladies of Montgomery, Alabama, and which I promised when I reached Washington you should see. I hope on Monday next to leave for my home, near Egerton, Wisconsin, where I have a wife and two children. The last work I did before I left was the cutting of two cords of wood. I left a tree partially cut, and I want to go home to finish it."

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Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

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Send your orders to

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Feb 7-154-tf

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The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to cement *honest*, but *unfortunate*, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of *all* their debts and liabilities, of *every kind and description whatever*, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U S Commissioner, must accompany the petition and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. "In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the order of things passed away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made, from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10 As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value ($500) five hundred dollars; also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1867. A safe Counsellor suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their homes and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $700, besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11 It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made, to give to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 46 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13 Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $50 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes, as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debt or will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay, in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

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We are prepared to deliver, at reduced prices, PURE PERUVIAN GUANO and REESE'S SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

Also, best GROUND NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER.

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Jan 25-142-tf

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ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes,

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Jan 28-146-tf Lexington, N. C.

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Jan 29-148-6m

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A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

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FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Forks and Spoons, Silver Plated Castors, Swedes and Refined Iron, Cast and Blister Steel, Garden Tools

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Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, shoe Lasts and Pegs.

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And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

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NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept 28—65-tf.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit.—worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—60-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED.

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,

SOLE LEATHER VALISES,

MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At **R. B. ANDREWS & Co's**

Gent's Furnishing Rooms
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO,' N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.

Jan 27-143-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES

Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29-148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

Twenty Boxes prime FACTORY CHEESE, just arrived at

April 8-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA, R. & G. R. R.

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and south, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Pratt Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C

SUPT OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.36 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or *via* Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,

Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office,*

Nov. 7—79-tf

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore | S. B. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR. Late of S. Carolina

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants.

105 *West Lombard Street,*

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

Sept. 30—43-eodlm&w3m

ON HAND.

Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine-Glasses.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Mar 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF MARYLAND HAMS, At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO in 2 lb. Bags.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Mar 16—tf Auction & Com Merchants.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

SPRING TRADE, 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

Tools, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Finishing Brads, Hames, Trace Chains, Weeding Hoes.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, March 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

200 BUSHELS MEAL.

Just received and for sale by

April 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

GREEN CORN, GREEN PEAS, and Irish Peaches, at

April 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF OLD GOV. JAVA COFFEE, just received by

April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

40 SACKS N. C. FAMILY FLOUR.

Just received and for sale by

April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

10 SACKS RIO COFFEE

For sale by

April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

ANOTHER LOT OF CARDAMOM.

Received to-day, at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 1 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1868

Conservative State Ticket.

AGAINST THE CONSTITUTION.

FOR GOVERNOR.
THOMAS S. ASHE, OF ANSON.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR.
EDWARD D. HALL, OF NEW HANOVER.

For Secretary of State.
ROBERT W. BEST, of Greene.

For Treasurer.
KEMP P. BATTLE, of Wake.

For Auditor.
SAMUEL W. BURGIN, of Buncombe.

For Superintendent of Public Works.
SAMUEL F. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
BRAXTON CRAVEN, of Randolph.

For Attorney General.
SION H. ROGERS, of Wake.

For Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
Richmond M. Pearson, of Yadkin.

For Associate Justices.
William H. Battle, of Orange,
Edwin G. Reade, of Person,
Mathias E. Manly, of Craven,
Augustus S. Merrimon, of Buncombe.

For Superior Court Judges.
1st Dist. David A. Barnes, of Hertford,
2d " Edward J. Warren, of Beaufort,
3d " George V. Strong, of Wayne,
4th " William S. Devane, New Hanover,
5th " Ralph P. Buxton, of Cumberland,
6th " Robert B. Gilliam, of Granville,
7th " Thomas Ruffin, jr., of Alamance,
8th " Francis E. Shober, of Rowan,
9th " William M. Shipp, of Lincoln,
10th " Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell,
11th " John L. Bailey, of Buncombe,
12th " Allen T. Davidson, of Macon.

For Congress,
4th Dist.—SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS, of Granville.

For Solicitor,
6th Jud. Dist.—William R. Cox, of Wake.

For State Senate.
MOSES A. BLEDSOE, of Wake,
BENJAMIN T. GREEN, of Franklin.

For House of Representatives.
RICHARD C. BADGER,
REUBEN FLEMING,
JESSE A. NORRIS,
JOSEPH JACKSON OVERBY.

For Sheriff.
DAVID LEWIS.

For Coroner.—Henry T. Clawson.
" Treasurer—Noel S. Harp.
" Co. Clerk of Superior Court—Quentin Busbee.
" Register of Deeds.—George W. Taylor.
" Surveyor.—Fendall Bevers.
" Commissioners.—Harry O. Parker, Robert S. Perry, Benjamin Y. Rogers, Charles B. Root, and Washington I. Busbee.

The above is a fair specimen of the kind of ballot to be cast at the approaching election by the Conservatives.

OUR READERS WILL BEAR with the leanness of our Editorial columns, to-day. We feel like taking a short breathing spell.—We have labored faithfully and diligently throughout the campaign which has just closed, and we feel that we have done our duty. Whatever the result,—and we have every confidence that it will be a glorious one for the true white men of North Carolina,—our conscience is easy on the score of our own part in the canvass. We have lost no opportunity to arouse our people to a sense of the dangers which impend, and of the direful consequences that will result from the adoption of the most atrocious and infamous so-called Constitution, which has been cobbled up by a set of white knaves, unprincipled adventurers and ignorant negroes. We have not exaggerated those consequences. Our solemn conviction is that the adoption of that iniquitous and mongrel thing would eventuate in all the horrors which have been predicted,—in the prostration of all our material fortunes, in the destruction of our social interests, in the prostitution of our political system, in a reign of terror for decent men, and in the unbridled license of the depraved and miserable mendicants and profligates, who are willing to sacrifice their race, and all that good and honest men should hold dear, to advance their mean, vindictive, mercenary and villainously selfish purposes.

We believe that these men will fail of their nefarious designs,—and that they will be rebuked by a decided and overwhelming majority. May Heaven grant it! Even should they be successful, power and place will give them no additional character or respect. The higher their elevation by the means which they have employed, the more conspicuous will be the pillory of scorn and contempt in which they would be placed!

THE PARTY OF ORDER.—There was an enthusiastic Conservative Mass Meeting in Goldsboro,' on Saturday. Col. Humphrey, the Conservative candidate for the Senate, courteously allowed Brogden, the scallawag candidate, to make a speech, and not the least disturbance occurred during his remarks. When Col. Humphrey was speaking, however, interruptions were frequently attempted by the going out, stamping and coming in of colored soldiers, which continued throughout the whole time he and Messrs. Wooten and Wright were speaking. These are the same negro soldiers, doubtless, whom it was sought to have registered in Goldsboro,' but whom Gen. Hinks prevented from doing so.

SHALL WHITE CHILDREN BE COMPELLED to go to the same schools with NEGROES? That is one of the issues.

THE COST OF ELECTIONS.

Labor is money. Time employed in unprofitable pursuits is lost and is difficult to be regained. Elections in a Republic should necessarily be frequent, and while sufficient time should be taken from profitable pursuits to be devoted to elections, yet there is danger that the habit, which is now forming in the South among the colored population, to devote so much of their time to politics and elections, must result in a serious depreciation of labor and the consequent reduction of the actual wealth of the country.

The blacks, as a class, are strongly disinclined to steady labor. They are easily tempted to neglect useful employments for the mere idea of feeling that they are free to do as they please. Hence, the condition of the colored people, generally, is worse, far worse, in the necessary elements of comfort and support, than during their condition of slavery. Many of them have less surplus money than formerly, and their freedom, owing to the unfortunate tutelage they have had from their professed friends, has made them far less reliable in their personal responsibility, than formerly. We have not made special enquiry into this matter, yet we are inclined to believe that the *credit* of the blacks, as a general rule, is not as good as formerly. This state of things must continue to grow worse instead of better, so long as the indisposition prevails to perform steady labor among them, and so long as they have such a proclivity to waste time or neglect work for matters of secondary importance which can never remunerate them.

TO THE POLLS!

The probability is that the great bulk of the colored vote was polled, on yesterday. The negroes, obedient to the command of their master, crowded about the polls, and many white people concluded to defer voting until another day.

Friends,—WHITE MEN,—do not delay this vital matter. See about it, this morning, and do not give up the effort until you have deposited your ballots. It is the most sacred duty you have ever been called upon to perform.

Surely, surely, no *white* man needs an appeal to exert himself to stave off from himself and his wife and children the horrors of NEGRO SUPREMACY, and of the rule of a set of miscreants, who are infinitely worse than any negro.

VOTE! VOTE!! VOTE!!!

NEGRO IMPUDENCE.—Under the evil and incendiary counsels and influence of Holden, and others of his stripe, the negroes are daily becoming bolder in their insolence and effrontry. We heard of several instances of white men being insulted by them on yesterday. A venerable gentleman, one of the best and most esteemed citizens of the community, who has filled many positions of usefulness and adorned them all, as he passed the Court House, was approached by a greasy, dirty negro, who took him forcibly by the arm, with the remark: "Come, old man, let's you and I go and vote together!" This is one of the results of the negroes crowding the front of the Court-House in such numbers as to block the street. They paid ten times as much deference to the orders of *Gen.* Scallawag Holden as to those of Gen. E. R. S. Canby.

LET THEM BE KNOWN!

It is important that the white people of the State should have the names of the so-called white men who vote for the new Constitution, for Holden and for negro supremacy! Let their names be registered.—It is also important for the white people to know what colored men in the State voted for the Conservative ticket. We should know who are our friends *and who are our enemies.*

OUR READING MATTER.—The pressure on our columns, incident to the campaign, being now removed, we shall be able to present our readers a greater variety. We resume, to-day, our former custom of having reading matter on every page. There will be found, this morning, on our first and fourth pages, some interesting selections.

THE HILLSBORO' MEETING.—In our brief notice, on yesterday, of the Mass Meeting at Hillsboro', we omitted to mention, among the other speakers, Henry K. Nash, Esq., and Col. Wm. Bingham,—both of whom made admirable and effective speeches.—Mr. Nash has done splendid service, in the late canvass, and is entitled to the warmest thanks of the white men of North Carolina.

WHEN a colored man voted the Conservative ticket on yesterday, he was compelled afterwards to run a perfect gauntlet of vilification from hundreds of excited negroes. This is more of the fruits of the teaching of Holden and others.

——Vance says that the scallawag party are "like bed-bugs. They work in the dark, and, directly the light is introduced, they scamper off to their hiding places."

Kelley (M. C.) has gone North from Washington to raise funds for carrying on the campaign in the South at the coming elections. These elections are to take place soon in five of the Southern States, and the Committee are out of funds with which to prosecute the campaign.

Speaking of the Impeachment managers, the *Round Table* says: "Of the seven men to whom has been entrusted the conduct of one of the most momentous events in the life of the nation, there are but two whose appearance conveys assurance that they are gentlemen."

The Nashville, Tenn., *Press* calls on either Senator Rogers or Gen. Cooper to withdraw as Republican candidates for Congress from the State at large. It says it both persist in running, an inglorious defeat awaits the Republican ticket.

Thurlow Weed makes an important announcement, to the effect that no considerations whatever could induce Mr. Seward to remain in office a single day after President Johnson is removed, if removed he is to be by the High Court.

Our Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., *April 18, 1868.*

Messrs. Editors:—The legal turn, which the course of impeachment is now taking, is developing substantial and convincing facts and circumstances which place the entire transaction, from the beginning to the present time, upon the most flagrantly and openly corrupt and dishonest principles of partizanism—so low and disgusting that even the most shameless of those engaged in this base transaction are anxious to take shelter from the odium which it is so justly exciting in the popular mind. The case stands forth now, stripped of every legal pretence which it ever possessed, and a spectacle of partizan exhibition so disgusting and ridiculous, so flagrantly illegal and unjust, as to inflict more injury on the accusers than the accused. Up to this period, nothing could have been framed for the more thorough and complete vindication of Andrew Johnson, his motives and acts, than the disclosures of the impeachment trial. Impeachment is a link in the chain of the political history of the times, apparently necessary to develope completely the audacious and presumptuous usurpations, debased corruptions, the false accusations, and the true facts associated with the responsibility for the deplorable state of the country, of the Radical party. The entire proceeding presents an array of potent and incontrovertible facts, which can afford nothing but encouragement to the impeached and dismay to the impeachers. In truth, while Andrew Johnson stands on trial as the accused, the Radical party is the real criminal, whose character and history are on trial before the nation.

Public opinion, here, in the last two days, has undergone a marked change, not only in regard to the probabilities of a final conviction, but in regard to the character and course of the proceture. The evidence, and legal analysis of the case as developed, have utterly annihilated every charge of conspiracy, of intended use of force, of usurpation of power, until the entire bill of impeachment has been reduced to the level of that contempt and ridicule, which it deserves. Such is the damaging effect of this proceeding on the future prospects of Radicalism, it is now asserted, that the question of withdrawing the articles is in serious contemplation, as the only hope of that party for the future. This matter is now being considered, and freely discussed in political circles, as the only proceeding left the Radical party to pursue, to avoid the certainty of disgraceful ruin. But whatever may be the termination of the impeachment trial, there can be but one effect upon the Radical party, and that is a disgraceful conviction for unwarranted usurpation, and of corrupt intention, which will stigmatise it for all future time. The friends of Conservatism may well rejoice at the revelations of this case. They will afford invaluable materials for the Conservative party to enter the campaign of 1868 with.

Among the many circumstances connected with the history of this trial, which should afford gratification to the friends of the President, the selection of Ben Butler as the leading manager, and his conduct in its management, should be considered one of the most gratifying.

It was well known, both outside and inside of his party, that this man was selected for this purpose, specially, with a view to his peculiar combination of bad qualities,—his desperate corruption, his unscrupulous motives, his consummate selfishness, shameless audacity, and that kind of shrewdness which belongs to the baser grades of human nature. It was a desperate case, without a shadow of justification, or even a pretext of law; a murderous proceeding, requiring cool audacity, but a work also requiring a malice that nothing could relent, an unscrupulous corruption which has no regard for truth, honesty or justice. The design in the prosecution was to suppress right and truth, and the selection of such a leader to conduct the case, on these principles, was eminently fitting for the purpose. Butler is truly a representative man of his party, and of his party purposes. Without his leadership, the low and villainous corruptions of impeachment would have been incomplete, and could not have been exhibited to the world to advantage. His nature is so saturated with festering corruption that he is incapable of doing anything honest. If he were to attempt it, failure would be the certain and necessary result. The daily spectacle may be witnessed in the Court of impeachment, of Butler making the most ridiculous charges of corruption against the President, while he himself is being constantly convicted of the basest misstatements and intentional falsehoods, by the defence. He was employed to act a base and partizan part, but has played his part too well, and to the disgust of the better portion of his party, and certainly to the interest of his enemies. Butler's native, but low shrewdness, avails his cause nothing here, for the case of the President now stands upon incontrovertible facts but his corrupt conduct has recoiled upon his friends with damaging effect.

To comprehend clearly the position of the Court, and the probabilities of its final action, a political classification of that body is necessary. A majority of the Radical Senators, from the beginning, were for conviction regardless of circumstances; a minority or faction were opposed to this decision, but, under certain circumstances, might be subjected to the will of their party. This faction, united with the Democratic vote, would be sufficient to defeat conviction. The convincing and decisive facts in favor of the President developed during the entire proceedings are so strong as to afford ample and incontrovertible ground for the minority to stand upon, and to render the desperate position of the majority completely untenable. Thus it remains with this party to decide, whether they can afford to effect the removal in the face of evidence, of reason, truth and justice; whether the partizan advantages accruing from the removal, would compensate for the disreputable outrage. Any opinion formed in regard to the prospects of final conviction, could not be either regulated or governed by the ordinary rules of law, justice, or right. Rules based upon such principles would not apply in this case, because the party prosecuting the proceedings have openly and avowedly long since discarded them. Hence any calculations, looking to this particular question, must be founded on the consideration of party necessity, and popular tolerance of party usurpation. Affairs appear to be merging into that state where the question becomes not one of popular approval of particular measures, but simply to what extent the popular endurance will tolerate or bear them. But Connecticut and Michigan have recently spoken to this desperate party, in a manner to warn them that popular endurance has ceased to be a virtue.

These gentle hints will do more to control and influence the question of conviction, it is humiliating to admit, than all considerations of law and justice.

B. B.

THE white man who *fails*, within the next two days, to VOTE AGAINST the infamous Constitution, will only have himself to blame for the horrors which may follow its adoption.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Popular Goods at Popular Prices!

THE PRICES TELL

AND

EVERYBODY TELLS THE PRICE!

April 22-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

A REVOLUTION IN PRICES!

ORIGINATED BY

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.,

AND

SUSTAINED BY THE PEOPLE!

3,000 LAVELLAS—at 15c. per yard. A neat, genteel article for Ladies. April 22-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

3,500 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Calicoes at 10c. per yd. April 22-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,200 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Calicoes at 12½c. per yd. April 22-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

7,980 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Prints at 15c. per yd. April 22-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

1,5000 YDS. 4-4 BLEACHED AND Unbleached Domestics, at prices to please the people. April 22-tf W. H & R S TUCKER & CO

3,200 YDS. PLAID HOMESPUN, at astonishing low prices. April 22-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 22-tf

To Stave Getters.

THE UNDERSIGNED, through the medium of the *Raleigh Sentinel* and by Circulars, have been instrumental in creating an interest in the

STAVE BUSINESS

in middle North Carolina, which has led to the manufacture of large quantities of Staves.

To those who have engaged in this business and have given us their patronage, we return our thanks. We do a strictly COMMISSION BUSINESS—we do not buy articles sent to us to sell, but sell them to the best advantage for our customers. Hence we charge the uniform commission of 2½ per cent. upon all sales.

Thankful for the liberal support of our friends in North Carolina, we beg a continuance of the same, assuring them that we will continue to exert ourselves in their behalf.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.
Commission Merchants,
April 22-2w Portsmouth, Va.
☞ Norfolk Journal copy 1t

Corn, Corn, Corn.

1,000 BUSHELS At DOUGLAS BELL'S. April 21-tf

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

3,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, At DOUGLAS BELL'S. April 21-tf

Peaches, Peaches.

$4 PER DOZEN. THREE FOR ONE DOLlar. Something extra. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL. April 21-tf

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled. Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRISS,
Commission Merchants.
April 21-3m Norfolk, Va.

CANDIES! CANDIES! At TONNOFFSKI'S. Mar 18—tf

Star's Snuff.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by DOUGLAS BELL. March 12—tf

JUST RECEIVED,

Gunpowder, English, Breakfast and Oolong Tea. At DOUGLAS BELL'S. April 1-tf

N. C. HAMS. At DOUGLAS BELL'S. April 1-tf

COOKING SODA.

2,500 lbs Cooking Soda at UPCHURCH & DODD'S. Apr 20-tf

SALT! SALT!

100 Sacks Salt at UPCHURCH & DODD'S. Apr 20-tf

COFFEE! COFFEE!

50 Bags prime Rio Coffee at UPCHURCH & DODD'S. Apr 20-tf

SUGAR! SUGAR!

1,500 lbs Brown Sugars at UPCHURCH & DODD'S. Apr 20-tf

CORN! CORN!

2,500 Bushels Corn at UPCHURCH & DODD'S. Apr 20-tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco,
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

RECEIVED THIS DAY

500 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs. TONNOFFSKI'S Feb 3-150-tf

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

N. C. BACON—RAMS, SHOULDERS AND SIDES!

Western Bacon Shoulders and Sides, for sale by the boat-load or otherwise, at G. T. & W. C. STRONACH'S. Apr 16—tf

LARD, N. C. or Western, by barrel or kegs, at G T & W C STRONACH. Apr 16—tf

SUGARS and COFFEES.

Wholesale or retail, at G T & W C STRONACH. Apr 16—

FAMILY FLOUR.

Warranted by G T & W C STRONACH'S. Apr 16—tf

CORN and MEAL daily arriving at G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

PLOWS AND POINTS of all kinds at G T & W C STRONACH'S.

Hardware, Earthenware, Crockery, Tubs, Baskets, Shovels, Spades, Forks and everything desirable to the farmer, at G T & W C STRONACH'S. Apr 16—tf

THE Prices of our Shoes will give satisfaction. G T & W C STRONACH. Apr. 16.

CANNED PEACHES, TOMATOES AND OYSTERS At TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

January 31st, 1868.

Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867,		$13,926,839 94
Deduct accrued Interest last Annual statement,		376,514 60
		13,450,325 34
Income from Premiums	$1,291,693 17	
Income from Interest received and accrued,	1,246 191 72	
	$2,537,886 89	
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries, Stationery, Printing, Advertising,	$ 131 770 99	
Commissions to Agents,	723,693 26	
Taxes,	88,372 85	
Surplus premiums returned to assured,	656,316 00	
For surrendered policies,	227,090 25	
Losses,	1,793,987 09	
	3,621,929 94	4,508,956 95
		$17,959,282 29
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost,		189,300 45
Balance 31st January, 1868,		$18,148,621,74

ASSETS.

Cash deposited,	$436,231 13
Real Estate at Cost	197,193 46
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage of Real Estate,	
United States Securities at Market value	5,344,407 25
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	2,696,440 00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo,	1,018 980,60
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	37,660.00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	93,299 00
Premium Notes,	135,795 00
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit,	7,642 45 847
Interest accrued,	267,835 72
	322,681 50
	$18,158,861,74

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.

S. P. WAIT, General Ag't,
April 9-tf Raleigh, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

GRAND OPENING!

FOR

SPRING OF 1868!!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

HAVING NEWLY REFITTED MY OLD Stand, No. 16 Fayetteville Street, I am now daily receiving a splendid supply of the (in part) below enumerated GOODS. I am now prepared to offer to my customers, and the public in general, a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, &c.

SPRING SHAWLS,
SILK WRAPPINGS,
SILKS, &c.

HATS,
RIBBONS,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, &c.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

LACE CURTAINS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS.

300 Pieces of the latest patterns of PRINTS
150 Pieces bleached and unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS.

Ladies', Misses and Children's SHOES.
Gent's and Boys HATS of every description, and all the latest styles.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

in great variety.
"Richard's Patent Combined" Paper COLLARS and BOSOMS.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Ladies and Gent's Traveling Trunks, Valises, Morocco Bags, Railroad Bags, etc., etc.

Come one and all, and examine my stock, before buying elsewhere, and I promise YOU WILL NOT LOSE ANYTHING BY IT.

M. ROSENBAUM,
No. 16 FAYETTEVILLE ST.
April 21-3 a

MISCELLANEOUS.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

AT

Round Brook, New Jersey.

This place is situated in Central N. J., on the great Central Rail Road, 1¼ hours distant from New York City, from whence her merchants are spreading, and rapidly securing, all along this great thoroughfare, the farms and homes of our Jerseymen, leaving them to emigrate elsewhere, and *where to go is the question?* I strongly advise **South**, and want suitable agents who will send me particulars and prices of Farms for sale, to whom I can direct cash customers. For further particulars, address

E. VAN SYCKEL,
Round Brook,
April 18 2aw2.* New Jersey.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Fifteenth Annual meeting of the Medical Society of North Carolina will take place in Warrenton, N. C., on Wednesday, the 24th day of May, 1868.

Delegates will be permitted to pass over the Railroads for one fare.

Dr. Wm. A. B. Norcom, of Edenton, will deliver the Annual Oration.

By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17-4m Secretary.

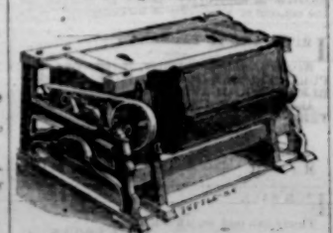
Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.

THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners will take place in Morganton, on the 4th day of May, 1868

By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17-tm Secretary.

GULLET COTTON GIN!

Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.

Call and see it at
Apr. 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

DRUGS.

JORDAN & CARR,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)

Sycamore, Corner Washington Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

INVITE the Merchants, Physicians and Planters of Virginia, North Carolina and Texas to examine their extensive stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Brushes, Combs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c.

WALTER B. JORDAN. JOSEPH CARR.
April 17—tf.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A COMPANY PAYING LOSSES PROMPTLY FOR A LONG SERIES OF YEARS, AND IS A stranger to litigation, is entitled to the confidence and patronage of our people. And such is the

ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

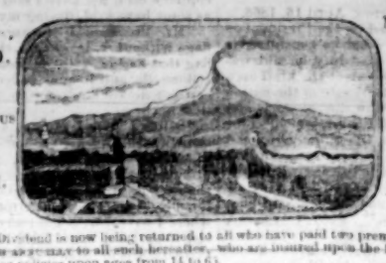
$17,485,894.71

paid since its organization, may be added the following policies settled in North Carolina to the 1st March, 1868, thus providing support and comfort to the widow and orphan in their bereavement and distress:

Policy No.	15,277—settled	$ 5,000
" "	18,0 8 "	5,000
" "	18,627 "	5,000
" "	24,0 2 "	3,000
" "	27,512 "	10,000
" "	33,6 7 "	5,000
" "	4,574 "	2,500
" "	35,082 "	10,000
Total		$ 45,500.00

The value of all Insurance, either against fire or life, is to know that you are investing in a Company of responsibility, and prompt action in discharging all just demands against it. Such is the ÆTNA, having now:

ASSETS, $8,000,000.



No. POLICIES 48,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768.51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Fifty per cent Dividend is now being returned to all who have paid two premiums, and the Dividends will be given as a matter of course to all such hereafter, who are insured upon the Life plan.

The Ætna issues policies upon ages from 14 to 65.

The Ætna will give a policy upon which 10 payments may be paid, and nothing more will be required, though the party might live thirty or forty years, and after the payment of ten years he is entitled to the dividends of the Company so long as life continues.

The Ætna issues 10 years Endowment Policies to be paid at death or the specified time.

The Ætna gives a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge, and in all respects gives as many advantages to the insured as any other first-class Company.

W. H. GROW, General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. McKEE, M. D., Examining Physician.
Mar 24—3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNBORN LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 76
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 54
MANHATTAN	1 43

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—12† 3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS, LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. H. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. ROUCH, Pres.

Information gladly furnished by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868 3m

AGRICULTURAL AND BUILDING LIME.

I have made arrangements for supplying, for any and all purposes, and in any quantity, good STONE LIME, on the lowest possible terms, and can deliver it at any of the Depots on the Railroads, at short notice.

April 2-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Ag't.

WINDOW GLASS—8x10, 10x12 and other sizes.
Kerosene Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks, Burners and Chimneys.
Best Kerosene Oil. For sale by
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 30—tf With Hart & Lewis.

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEWBERN, N. C.

MRS. S. J. CARROWAY has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, for the accommodation of her friends and the public, at the Cole House, on Pollock Street Newbern, a few steps West of the Railroad, where she is prepared to furnish excellent accommodation to ladies and gentlemen, who may favor her with a call. Terms moderate.

April 2-1m

WE ARE REQUESTED to announce Gen. WILLIAM R. COX, of Wake, as a candidate for Solicitor of this (the 6th.) Judicial District.

March 28—tc.

200 BUSHELS SWEET POTATO PLANTINGS in Store and for sale by LYNN ADAMS. April 4-3t

ENGLISH AND FRENCH MUSTARD. At DOUGLAS BELL'S. April 6-tf

BUCKWHEAT,—LAST OF THE SEASON. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL. April 6—tf

Henry T. Jordan,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

ROXBORO', N. C.

WILL ATTEND THE COURTS OF PERSON, Caswell and Granville. Special attention given to collecting, to cases in BANKRUPTCY and to all matters in U. S. Circuit Court.

Dec. 27-yr3m.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" each subsequent insertion	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	5,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	8,00
Each additional "	5,00
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One quarter column "	14,00
One half column "	7,00
One column "	25,00
Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $40 for three months.	40,00

All advertisements of cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted in inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisement inserted 6 weeks for $7 Cash or $10 in charges.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to call on the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1868.

FOR CONGRESS.

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS,

OF GRANVILLE.

PRESS THE ENEMY, to day, friends. We have every reason to be satisfied with yesterday's operations. The scallawags are COWED. This was evident by the attempted demonstrations of their leaders, black and white, (so called,) last evening. It was "whistling to keep their courage up." All the consolation they could trump up was the news from *South Carolina*, where their negro equals had 30,000 *registered* majority. SHOW YOUR STRENGTH, *this day, white men!*

THE CAMPAIGN SENTINEL.

A friend who sent us a club of subscribers, from Alamance, writes us, "I see you talk of stopping the club papers after the election, &c." Our friend has read what we said carelessly. We have no idea of stopping any club subscriber, or any other, until the time for which he subscribed expires. But we say, that, after the election, we cannot send the *Sentinel* to *new subscribers*, at the former club rates. We put it down so low for the campaign, in order to secure its general circulation during that time, knowing that the price charged did not pay us.

All *new subscribers*, therefore, to the *Weekly Sentinel*, will be charged, in future, $2 for a year, or $1 for six months, of 50 cents for three months. That is what we say and what we mean. All the club subscribers at 35 and 40 cents will receive it for the *full time* they have subscribed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We call attention to the different announcements of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. From personal inspection we can pronounce their stock a most commanding and complete one. Every shelf in their palatial establishment is filled with either the most solid and substantial or the most elegant and tasteful fabrics, while their assortment in all the other departments of their extensive business is perfect. It is a treat to walk through their establishment; and we are assured that their facilities are such that they can supply country dealers, at wholesale, at New York prices, freight only added. Why then go further than Raleigh? Tucker Hall, of itself, is the best guarantee of the energy of this Firm.

Read the Card to "Stave Getters" of that enterprising Firm, J. B. Hunter & Co., Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.—It is, every way, and in all respects, a No. 1 Firm.

THE ELECTION, YESTERDAY.—Gen. Canby having ordered that the votes shall not be counted out until the close of the third day, it is, of course, impossible to express an opinion, with any approximation to certainty, as to the vote on yesterday. The negroes, as remarked elsewhere, were out in great force, but a great many noble white men were out also, and they not only voted, but some of them worked. *Everything promises well.* Let our white men stand up for their honor and their rights, and we have *nothing* to fear.

We are glad to believe that a good many more colored men have voted the Conservative ticket, at this election, than at the last. They deserve all credit for refusing to be made slaves of by Holden and his vile crew.

The whole number of votes polled, on yesterday, was about 1,375.

THE RAINY SEASON.—The continuance of the rainy season has been exceedingly injurious to early preparation and planting for the ensuing crop. Much of the seed already planted must have rotted, yet we hope the season will be sufficiently dry and forward, hereafter, to enable the planters to mend up. The scarcity and high price of provisions, it strikes us, ought to induce every planter to have a close eye to this matter. While all should make *some* cotton, who can do so, yet the great object of every farmer should be to make an ample supply of provisions.

REV. A. J. RYAN.—This distinguished Divine, the Poet Laureate of the South, is at present at Wilmington. We learned, some time since, that he had accepted an invitation to deliver a Lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association of this City.—We hope that the public expectation in this respect may soon be gratified.

The editor of the Chicago *Tribune* is mentioned as the likeliest successor to Yates, and the Chicago *Tribune*, on purely public and patriotic grounds, urges Yates to resign.

STATE ITEMS.

—Speaking o Dewesee's Prov s. Court, the Western *Democrat* says:

"We cannot understand why Gen. Canby has thought proper to establish such a Court at Raleigh to try cases arising in counties 175 and 200 miles off. So far as we have been able to ascertain, the law has been fairly administered in this and adjoining counties by the civil officers, and it cannot be considered otherwise than unfair and unjust to require persons to incur the expense of traveling to Raleigh to settle disputes before a Court where *one man* is the Judge and Jury."

—Gen. Canby has removed the magistrates composing the County Court of Buncombe. The Ashville *News* makes the following comments:

"Why these gentlemen were removed has not been made known to them; but a clue to the secret may be found in the fact that at the last sitting of the Court a fellow, by the name of Jesse Sumner, a deputy Sheriff, was tried, convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs, for brutally assaulting a young man by the name of Henry Jones, one Sabbath night, while Jones was on his way from church, in company with some ladies. Sumner is now the Radical candidate for Sheriff of this county, while Jones is a Conservative. It is known that Sumner, through the *standing medium of communication* between Gen. Canby and the Radicals of this section, applied to Headquarters to have the fine and costs remitted, or a part of them, which the General refused to do, but has removed the Court. The next Court will be able to remove the penalty.

We understand the assault upon Mr. Jones was an unprovoked and malicious one, and the penalty was considered light."

—Walter P. Caldwell, Esq., is the Conservative candidate for Solicitor in the 10th Judicial District. An admirable nomination.

—Charlotte is again garrisoned with soldiers. The company is under charge of Maj. Lazelle, who has rendered himself every way acceptable, we believe, to the citizens of Charlotte.

—The County Court of Mecklenburg has authorized the establishment of a Chain Gang, in which convicts are to be placed and made to work out the penalty for evil behavior. Since whipping has been abolished, some such mode of punishment is indispensable.

—Over two hundred ladies listened to the great speeches of Vance and Erwin in Asheville.

—Thomas Dula, convicted as principal in the murder of Laura Foster, was sentenced, last week, by Judge Mitchell, at Iredell Superior Court, to be hanged on Friday, May 1st.

—Mr. Wilson, an English gentleman connected with the Rock Island Manufacturing Company, has made a beautiful walking cane of black walnut, elaborately carved, which is designed as a present for Gen. R. E. Lee.

For the Sentinel.

THE NEW PROVOST COURT.

Editors of the Sentinel:—By Gen. Canby's Special Orders, No. 83, dated April 8th, 1868, a Provost Court is constituted at Raleigh, for the counties of the State therein mentioned, 32 in number, embracing probably about half the population of the State. The counties embraced in this order are:

Warren, Franklin, Wake, Johnston, Harnett, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Chatham, Orange, Granville, Caswell, Alamance, Person, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, Montgomery, Anson, Union, Stanly, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Iredell, Rowan, Davie, Davidson, Surry, Stokes, Forsythe, Yadkin.

I have not the census at hand, but suppose these counties embrace about half the population of the State.

John T. Dewesee is constituted Judge of this Court, who has very recently become a citizen of the State, if he be a citizen.—Whether he has a license to practice law, in this State, and, if so, whether he has practiced under said license long enough to become familiar with our jurisprudence, I do not propose to investigate. Nor do I propose to inquire whether it was judicious to appoint to such office a new comer among us, who already holds the lucrative position of Register in Bankruptcy—and who is a candidate and canvassing the District to be elected a member of Congress. As to these matters of decorum and taste I propose to say nothing; but it is important to our people to understand *the extent of the jurisdiction of this new Judge;* and as the Code Military is not accessible to the great body of our people, my purpose is simply to call attention to the *jurisdiction* of this new functionary.

The order provides that he is to have jurisdiction in the Counties aforesaid, "of all civil cases arising within the limits of that Post, in which the amount in controversy does not exceed three hundred dollars, and of all offences, not under the Articles of War, which may be referred to it by the Post Commander, except murder, manslaughter, assault with intent to kill, violation of the laws against ducling, perjury, rape and arson."

This jurisdiction is further restricted by Par. II of General Orders No. 18, current series, from these Headquarters, to all civil cases arising within that Post, in which the amount in controversy does not exceed $300; and to all offences, not under the Articles of War, which may be referred to it by the Post Commander, with the exceptions aforesaid. Paragraph II, General Orders No. 18, is in the following words:

"No Provost Court will entertain jurisdiction of any case, nor will any Post Commander refer any case for trial by any such Court, unless it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Post Commander, and shall be certified by him, either:

1. That the case involves matters of difference between employer and employed, respecting rights under provisions of military orders; or

2. That the proper State authorities have refused or unreasonably failed or are unable to take action needful for the protection of persons or property; or,

3. That there is good ground for believing, upon facts shown, which must be preserved of record, that impartial justice can not be secured in the State Courts, by reason of prejudice on account of race, color, or former condition."

With these sensible and just limitations on the power of this anomaly in the administration of justice, it is not perceived what this Judge extraordinary is to have to do, except to *receive his salary* in addition to his income as Register in Bankruptcy. No man having any pretensions to decency of character will make the certificate, *"to be preserved of record, that impartial justice cannot be secured in the State Courts."*

Our New York Correspondence.

NEW YORK, April 18, 1868.

In my last letter, dated on the 2nd. inst., I congratulated myself on the return of Spring. This has proved to be rather premature, for, since then, we have had quite a severe snow storm, and many cold, blustering, disagreeable, downright wintry days. As I write, the thermometer indicates anything but a mild, Spring day, and the overcoats which two weeks ago were laid aside for next winter have come into requisition.

New York, for the past few days, has been enjoying a huge practical joke gotten up at the expense of the proprietor of the *Herald*. Some time last winter, a vast lottery scheme was inaugurated, ostensibly for the benefit of the Gettysburg Asylum for invalid and indigent soldiers. The treasurer of this association must have accumulated hundreds of thousands of dollars, and as so many persons were interested in the drawing which was to come off several weeks ago, the very sudden demise of the concern could not pass unnoticed. It seems that the only paper in the city which endorsed the swindle was the *Herald*, and the joke was started by the *World*, which came out, several days ago, in an editorial saying that as the lottery scheme had failed, Mr. Bennett, with a most praiseworthy liberality, would refund the money for all the tickets that might be presented to him. Of course this was a kind of bait that would take, and by ten o'clock on the day this announcement was made, crowds of ticket-holders swarmed around the *Herald* building, expecting to have their money returned. It is also said that large numbers, fearing they might not have a chance to see Mr. Bennett at his office, had assembled at Washington Heights, and held his private residence in a state of siege. The joke is still kept up to day, and as New York is not a small place, it is probable that enough new material may be found every day for a week to come, who may be induced to crowd the old fellow for their lost money. For the present, the *Herald* fellows take the matter in good spirit, saying that the people are merely rushing to advertise in the only live paper in the United States.

The gentlemen of the New York press are to give a dinner to Mr. Dickens this evening. It is to be a plain, unostentatious affair, and anything like toadyism is to be frowned down. So we are to have David Copperfield, who began his literary career as a reporter, at a quiet, comfortable dinner. There will be about two-hundred persons present, "among whom, &c." Wine and wit I suppose will be abundant, and then, as to-morrow will be Sunday, we can rest off the effects. It is quite probable that Saturday evening was chosen for this very purpose, that it is followed by a day of rest.

Sorosis is the title of a club of literary ladies in process of formation in this city. They don't intend to tell, for the present, what Sorosis means, and they have decided that no person of the masculine gender shall ever be admitted. When you are informed that $200 is the initiation fee to this "Petticoaterie," and that they are to have a monthly lunch at Delmonico's, you can form your own conclusion as to how high an old time these daughters of Eve may get up. Progressive age, isn't it? Charles Augustus at home nursing the babies, and Sophronia Wilhelmina at the "club" guzzling champagne and disseminating scandal and politics, and hiccupping that she won't go home till morning! But more of the Sorosisters after they get under way. R.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now I mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 8 2w Fayetteville Street.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

In the Town of Danville, Virginia.

ON Wednesday, 21st of May next, will be sold at public auction, without reserve, that valuable property, known as the **Danville New Hotel**, an elegant new five story brick building on Main street, lot 70½ x 187½ feet, built with all the modern improvements for a first class Hotel, and containing 87 rooms in addition to store Parlors, Dining Hall &c. The location is one of the best in Virginia for a Hotel. The house, opened and well kept, would secure, at once from seventy-five to one hundred good boarders. A great bargain may be had, as it will be certainly sold.

TERMS: One third cash; balance six and twelve months with interest, as satisfactorily secured. Will be sold at the same time and place, the Store House and lot adjoining, a valuable property. For further information address

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, Esq.
Cashier 1st National Bank
April 15, 1868 tu.20. Danville, Va.

UNION COTTON MILLS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

The Union Manufacturing Company will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 21st of May, inst. their

VALUABLE COTTON MILLS,

situated on Deep River, in the County of Randolph, 10 miles North of Ash-boro, and 16 miles South-east of High Point. The factory building is a large brick edifice, containing eight spinning frames with the necessary machinery, and twelve looms. There is connected with the premises a

FIRST CLASS FLOURING MILL,

WOOL-CARDING MACHINES,

OIL MILL AND COTTON GIN,

Together with THIRTEEN GOOD BUILDINGS for the accommodation of operatives, and a good STORE HOUSE, with basement.

JESSE WALKER, Agent
April 11-4t New Market, N. C.

Flour! Flour!

75 SACKS N. C FLOUR.
50 bbls N. C and Patapsco Family Flour.
For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 21, M.

Banks' bill, protecting naturalized citizens abroad, amended by allowing the President to withdraw commercial relations from offending nations, and exempting ambassadors, consuls and agents from persons whom the President may incarcerate in retaliation, passed—99 to 5.

The pressure on unco-mmitted Senators is tremendous. It comes from all quarters, and the apprehensions of the President's friends are increasing.

The new municipal officers of Alexandria qualified to-day. No negroes among them, but no known native Virginians.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 21, M.

Mess Pork 27.50
Cotton dull and drooping. 31.
Turpentine 65. Rosin 3.45@3.50.
Gold 1.39½. Virginias 65. Tennessees 66½.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.

WILMINGTON, April 21, P. M.

The election passed off to-day quietly. The approximate vote of the four Wards of the City, for the Constitution is 1,200, and against it 570.

The vote at Weldon was 294 for and 37 against the Constitution.

Some negroes voted the Conservative ticket in Wilmington. The whites generally, will vote the second and third days, while the negroes make their greatest effort the first day.

NEWBERN, April 21, P. M.

The vote of the City, to-day, for the Constitution was 1,250; against it 270. The negro strength is polled. There was no disturbance.

At Morehead City the Republicans are only 18 ahead.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 21, P. M.

In the House, Mr. Robinson offered a resolution, recalling the Managers and abandoning the impeachments.

The Speaker declared that it was a question of privilege, but, under the ruling of the House it could refuse to consider even a question of privileges. The House refused to entertain the resolutions by a strict party vote.

The Post Office Committee was directed to enquire into the expediency of the government's securing the Central telegraph lines.

An amendment to the Bankrupt law, extending the time to Jan. 1869, for such as cannot pay fifty per cent, passed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 21 P. M.

The Secretary of the Treasury reported that the amount realized from the Confederate property abroad was $144,000, at an expense of $90,000 covered were the Shenandoah, Sumpter, Tallahassee and Confederate Agent R. P. Walker.

Mr. Stanberry is much better.

There was a full Cabinet to-day.

The President sent several routine Messages to the House.

McCulloch's report states that the Archives of the Confederate Government show that many millions were received and disbursed by Colin McRae, in Confederate loans in Europe. Suits are instituted to reach any balances in his hands; at the extinction of the Confederacy.

GEORGIA ELECTIONS.

AUGUSTA, April 21, P. M.

The election is progressing without serious disturbances. The blacks remain about the polls, electioneering for the Radical ticket. The Democratic vote was large to-day, but the Radicals will carry the county. The military is stationed at the polls, to preserve order.

COLUMBUS, April 21, P. M.

Everything is quiet. The Radicals are desperate and tricky. There were 798 votes polled to-day, mostly negroes. Many of them were for the Democratic ticket.

The Democrats are in high spirits. Couriers from several of the surrounding counties bring in the most cheering news.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 21, P. M.

Cotton dull and easier. Sales of 700 bales, at 31.

Flour active, Southern $10.25@13.

Corn heavy; white Southern $1,16@1 18, yellow $1.20@1 25

Turpentine 65@66½.

Gold 41.29.

BALTIMORE, April 21, P. M.

Cotton quiet and nominal.

Wheat active. Maryland red $3@3.13, white $3@3.30.

WILMINGTON, April 21 P. M.

Scrits Turpentine 58@59. Rosin, strained 2,50; Low No. 2,3; Pale 6,7. Tar advanced, 22-25.

Cotton quiet; Middling 30.

Advices received at Washington state that the delegates to the National Democratic Convention from Pennsylvania will unanimously cast their votes for Gen. Hancock for President at the Convention in July.

LOOK OUT.—The New York *Tribune* proclaims that "nearly all the Roman Catholics in our country are hostile to the Republican party." It this the signal for an attack upon the Catholics?

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce* believes "there is no foundation for the not very important statement respecting the reconciliation of Gen. Grant and Mr. Butler."

NOTICE.

The copartner hip of Briggs, Dodd & Co., in the business of Merchandize, &c., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons having claims will please present the same for payment and those indebted are requested to come forward and settle without delay.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
Mar 28—3w JAMES DODD
W. J. HICKS.

NOTICE.

The copartnership of Briggs & Dodd, in the business of Merchandize, &c., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims will please present them for payment, and those indebted are requested to come forward and settle without delay.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
Mar 30—3w JAMES DODD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

On or about the 8th inst., one medium size, light or pale red OX, about 5 years old, with horns rather small and wide apart; with a white spot in the forehead; right hind leg white nearly to the knee and the left white to and little above the ankle, and with some other little marks of white on the flank.

I will pay a liberal reward for his recovery or for any information that will lead thereto.

Mar 18—tf KIMBRO JONES.

North Carolina Land Agency.

HAVING MADE arrangements by which I can readily bring to the notice of Northern and European capitalists, our

AGRICULTURAL AND MINERAL RESOURCES,

I invite parties, having such property for sale, to address me at Reidsville, N. C.

Reference is made to public men generally in the State.

Mar 9—wtf D. W. COURTS.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of William H. Hood, deceased, at February Term of Wake County Court, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and all having claims or demands, to present them duly authenticated, in the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

Mar 5—w6w W. H. HIGH, Administrator.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

35 COMMERCE STREET,
Feb 8-wtf Norfolk, Va.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Book for Young Men on the Evils of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-149-dawlm.

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 18-182-tf

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of the magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW" after years of experience, and FEARLESS OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York.
205 High Holborn, London, England.
441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—20-ecd6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fine Store and for Sale low.
100 Chaice Maryland hams.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-130-tf

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

RAISINS, CITRON AND SPICES of all kinds.
April 10-tf For sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

SARDINES, SARDINES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON AND RAISINS.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CRANBERRIES.

Very cheap
Apr 15-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

RUMFORD'S YEAST POWDERS,
April 10-tf For sale by the dozen, at DOUGLAS BELL'S.

BACON! BACON! BACON!

Prime N. C. Hams and Sides, Western Sides and Shoulders, Superior Maryland Hams, Prime Moss Pork. Just received by
Mar 17—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1400 Pounds prime N. C. Bacon.

Now receiving, on consignment, a large lot of splendid N. C. Bacon.
Also, nice dried Mountain Beef Hams.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Apr. 15-1w Com. Merchant and Auctioneer.

COX'S GELATINE.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

TURPENTINE AND ROSIN SOAP.
For sale by the box, at
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE,
For sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—3m

SPRING TRADE.

1868. 1868.

12 KEGS ten penny nails and other sizes.
Blasting and Rifle Powder.
Shot and Bar Lead.
Best Kerosene Oil, by the barrel or retail.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Apr 20-tf With HART & LEWIS.

BUCK EYE SULKY PLOW, REAPER AND MOWER!

On exhibition at the Farmer's Hall, the **Buck Eye Sulky Plow**, to which the attention of our farmers is respectfully called.

I am also appointed Agent for the sale of the celebrated Buck Eye Reaper and Mower, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added.

The sooner we commence using these immense labor saving machines, the better for all concerned.
Apr. 15-tf JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,
Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.

Orders for Cotton promptly Filled.
REFER to Jno. G. Williams & Co., and Cashier National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
April 16—tf.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR Universal Neuralgia PILL.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia *Facialis*, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of

MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS,

who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.50	Postage 6 cents.	
Six packages,	5.00	"	27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	"	48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TUMNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Jan. 16—130-2awGmSwSm

QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.
Greensboro, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	
" Cape Fear	60
" Charlotte	28
" Wadesboro	30
" Wilmington	36
" Roxboro	27
" Thomasville	60
" Graham	20
" Lexington (old)	19
" " (new)	19
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	18
" Fayetteville	4
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	3
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	60
" " (new)	28
Miners'and Planters' Bank	12
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	40
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	27
Virginia Bank Notes average about	6
South Carolina "	28
Georgia "	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.
Oct. 26-298-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	28½
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	18
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	60
" Commerce	27½
" Wilmington	17
" Fayetteville	3
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	1
Miners' and Planter's Bank	24
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	40
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	27
Greensborough Mutual	60
Virginia Bank Notes, absent	6
South Carolina "	25
Georgia "	22
Gold	23
Silver	158
Old Coupons	130
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	42
Old Sixes	87½
Exchange on New York	50

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. R. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	
" Charlotte	28
" Clarendon	30
" Commerce	4
" Fayetteville	17
" Lexington, (old)	10
" (new)	18
" Lexington, payable at Graham	21
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	40
" Thomasville	5
" Wadesboro'	26
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	2
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27½
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	80
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	
" BALT. & S'DERN	17@22½
BEEF ON HOOF	16@20
" NETT	80@10
BUTTER	30@50
COTTON	30@30
CHICKENS, Spring	25@25
" Grown	15@25
CORN	2 00@2 50
COFFEE	1 40@1 50
EGGS	22½@25
FLOUR	12@20
FODDER	100@16
HEARINGS	1 50@1 75
HIDES—Green	36 00@40
" Dry	8c pr lb.
HAY	1 25@2 15
LARD	11@12½ pr. cwt.
MEAL	1 80@2
MOLASSES	1 40@1 50
NAILS	50@75
PEAS—Stock	75@10
" White	1 25@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	2 00@2 50
" Sweet	1 50@2 50
RAGS	1 00@1 25
SALT—Fine	4@6 5
" Ground	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	3 00@3 50
TALLOW	1@2@2
VINEGAR	1 00@1 25
MULLETS	2 50@3 75

REMARKS.

Cotton active and higher, prices from 1 to 2 cents better. We quote sales to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25

Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

MISCELLANEOUS

PEACHES.

Another lot of those fine Peaches, in 2 lb. cans, just received
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SITUATION WANTED.

A young lady, well qualified to take charge of a Family School, who can give instruction in Music and all the branches usually taught, desires a situation. Address JOS. S. JONES, Esq., Hendersonville, N. C., or the Editors of the *Sentinel*.
April 8-2w

MISCELLANEOUS.

20 BBLS. No. 1 FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades arriving
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-130-tf

Bacon! Bacon!

10,000 LBS. COUNTRY Bacon. For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FINE WINES, ALES LIQUORS CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

ROCK HILL COLLEGE, ELLICOTT CITY, MD.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857, and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during the session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BENTLEY, President.
BROTHER CYPRIAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.
WM. E. A. AIKEN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.
ALBERT TAYLOR BUMBOUGH, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.
BROTHER ARABIUS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.
BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.
SAMUEL E. W. BECKER, Ph. D., Professor of Latin and Greek.
ANTHONY TIMOTHY, Adjunct Professor of Latin.
JEAN VANNI, Professor of Drawing and Penmanship.
F. URSUS, Ph. D., Professor of German and Music.
BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.
BROTHER PETER, Prefect.
BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.
Dr. J. H. O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.
Dr. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition $200 00
Entrance Fee $5; Physician's Fee $6
Music and Drawing, extra.
Oct. 23—65-lawtf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CHATHAM COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

Henry Staley vs. Malcomb Murchison and George Cobbs, Ex'rs. } Petition for account and settlement

In this case it appearing to the Court, that Daniel Smith and wife Sarah, and James and Haywood Staley, are non-residents: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Sentinel, for six successive weeks notifying the said Defendants to be and appear at the next term of our said Court, to be held at the Court House in Pittsboro', on the 2nd Monday in May next, and then and there to answer, demur or judgment will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness R. C. COTTEN, Clerk of said Court, office in Pittsboro', the 2nd Monday in February, 1868.

April 11-w6w R. C. COTTEN, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

R. C. Lewis vs. C. C. Miller. } *Original Attachment.*

In this case, it appearing to the Court that the Defendant is a non-resident, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh Weekly *Sentinel*, for six successive weeks, notifying the said Defendant to be and appear at the next term of our said Court, to be held at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 3rd Monday in May next, and then and there to replevy and plead, otherwise judgment will be rendered *pro confesso* against him.

Witness J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 3rd Monday of February, 1868.

April 10-w6w J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

A. N. B. Kimmon, vs. J. McKimmon, Chas. McKimmon, Kate McKimmon, Amelia McKimmon. } *Petition to make real estate assets.*

In this case, it appearing to the Court, that Hugh Camel is a non-resident, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication

DAILY SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1868.

[From the Louisville Courier.]

WHAT THEN?

An old man, crowned with honors nobly earned,
Once asked a youth what end in life he sought.
The hopeful boy said, "I would first be learned,
I would know all that all the schools e'er taught.
The old man gravely shook his hoary head,
"And when you've learned all this, what then?" he said.

"Then," said the boy with all the warmth of youth,
"I'd be a lawyer, learned and eloquent;
Appearing always on the side of truth,
My mind would grow as thus 'twas early bent."
The old man sadly shook his aged head,
"And when you've done all this, what then?" he said.

"I will be famous," said the hopeful boy,
"Clients will pour upon me fees and briefs.
'Twill be my pleasing task to bring back joy
To homes and hearts near crushed by darkest griefs."
But still the old man shook his reverend head,
"And when all this is gained, what then?" he said.

"And then I will be rich, and in old age
I will withdraw from all this legal strife;
Known in retirement as an honored sage,
I'll pass the evening of an honored life."
Gravely again the old man shook his head,
"And when you're done all this, what then?" he said.

"And then!—why then, I know that I must die,
My body then must die, but not my fame,
Surrounded by the fallen great I'll lie,
And far posterity will know my name."
Sadly the old man shook again his head,
"And after all of this, what then?" he said.

"And then, and then!"—but ceased the boy to speak,
His eye, abashed, fell downward to the sod,
A silent tear dropped on each blooming cheek,
The old man pointed silently to God;
Then laid his hand upon the drooping head,
"Remember, there's a place beyond," he said.

A little boy, four or five years old, was seated at the table eating his dinner. A small cut of beefsteak was given him, and taking it up in his hands he resolutely endeavored to get a bite off the end of it. It being pretty tough, he pulled and jerked and grunted at the task a little more than was consistent with modern ideas of polite dining. After a few earnest struggles he turned to his mother with a look of mingled energy and despair, and said through his vexation and tears:

"Mamma, me's going to have a piece off this meat, or pull my mout out!"

A gentleman was chiding his son for staying out late of nights, or rather early of next mornings—and said:

"Why, when I was of your age, my father would not allow me to go out of the house after dark!"

"Then you had a deuce of a father, you had," sneered the young profligate.

Whereupon the father very rashly vociferated: "I had a confounded sight better than you, you young rascal!"

A schoolmaster tells the following good one: "I was teaching in a quiet country village; the second morning of my session I had time to survey my surroundings, and among the scanty furniture I espied a three-legged stool. 'Is this the dunce block?' I asked a little girl of five. The dark eyes sparkled, the curls nodded assent, and the lips rippled out, 'I guess so; teacher always sits on it.'"

"How sweet to recline in the lapse of age—say about eighteen."

The sweetness would depend entirely on the sex and color.

"The negroes of Madison, Ga., failing to get the land and mules promised, ran a radical electioneering agent out of town the other day."

It would have been more to the purpose had they "run the *thing* in the ground."

When Ulysses S. Grant was a little boy his father bought him a hatchet. Ulysses was so delighted that he went about hatcheting every thing he could find. One fatal day, after things had been going on thus and so, for more than a week, Ulysses cut down one of his father's favorite pear trees. When the old gentleman saw the ruin of his favorite pear tree he went to U. S., and said: "U. S., who cut down my favorite pear tree?" "I cannot tell a lie, father, I cannot tell a lie," said Ulysses. "Ben Johnson cut it down with his hatchet." "My dear son," said the old gentleman, spanking him, "I would rather have you tell a thousand lies than lose so fine a tree."

"One of the most original of inventions was that of little Fanny, who, instead of saying her prayers at night, spread out her alphabet on the bed, and raising her eyes to heaven said, "Oh Lord, here are the letters—arrange them to suit yourself."

The above brings to mind the story of the old sea captain who placed on the headboard of his bedstead a copy of the Lord's prayer. At night when about to retire he would point to the placard and say:

"Lord, them's my sentiments."

An exchange says: "That Gov. Brownlow, of Tennessee, was hanged in effigy at Tullahoma, Tenn., on the 30th. ultimo."

It would, no doubt, have been a great relief to the good people of Tennessee, if he had been hanged in reality.

B. F. B. and Chandler, of the Senate, were walking up the avenue the other day, when Butler broke out: "Well, Chandler, you have heard me called a d——d rascal often enough, but did you ever hear anybody call me a d——d fool?" "Not exactly," replied the amiable Senator, "but I often heard you called a 'spooney,' Ben." "What sort of a spooney?" said Ben, not taking the joke. "Why, a *silver* spooney, of course."

CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS.

In store, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight only added.

R. Sinclair & Co's. and H. M. Smith & Co's celebrated CORN PLANTERS, and W. D. Johnson's improved patented

GEORGIA COTTON PLANTER.

By the use of these implements, you not only save seed and time, but secure the very best stand for early cultivation.

April 2-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agt.

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

CORN AND BACON.

500 bushels White Corn.
1,000 lbs. Shoulders and Side Bacon.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'

For Sale.

Figs, Nutmegs, Ground Black Pepper, and the best Mustard.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

ANOTHER LOT OF CANNED PEACHES.
Just received by
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CANNED OYSTERS!
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Mar 18—tf

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Bill, note, draft or order, 2 cents; if sum or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment) for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cents.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of exemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Broker,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons grose, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,0 0, $1.00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory. (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note.

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyance.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cents.

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents.

Writ or original process issued in a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100, 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 15 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cents.

Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which the instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin of in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

Gen. Canby's Election Order.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DIST.,
Charleston, S. C., March 23, 1868.

ORIGINAL ORDERS,
No. 45.

The Constitutional Convention of the State of North Carolina, in conformity with the Act of Congress of March 23, 1867, supplementary to the Act of March 2, 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," having framed a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of the aforecited laws; and having by an ordinance adopted on the 17th day of March, 1868, provided that the said Constitution shall be submitted "for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this Act [March 23, 1867, Section 4] at an election to be conducted by the officers appointed or to be appointed by the Commanding General as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days after the notice thereof to be given by the said Convention;" and having further provided, by the aforesaid ordinance, that at the same time an election shall be held for Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly, and for all State and County officers who are to be elected by the people under this Constitution, and further, that in each Congressional District of the State an election shall be held for a member of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress. It is ordered:

First. That an election be held in the State of North Carolina, commencing on Tuesday, the 28th day of April, and ending on Thursday, the 31st day of April, 1868, at which all registered voters said State may vote "For Constitution" or "Against Constitution," and also on the same ballot for the State and County officers and for members of the United States House of Representatives, as specified in the before cited ordinance.

Second. It shall be the duty of the Boards of Registration in North Carolina, commencing fourteen days prior to the day herein ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of five days, the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the lists, and such persons shall not be entitled to vote. The Boards of Registration shall also, during the same period, add to such lists the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said Acts, who have not already been registered.

Third. In deciding who are to be stricken from or added to the registration lists, the Boards will be guided by the law of March 2, 1867 and the laws supplementary thereto, and their attention is specially directed to the supplementary Act of the July 19, 1867.

Fourth. Any duly registered voter of this State who may have removed from the County in which he was registered, shall be entitled to vote in the County to which he has removed and has resided for the ten days next preceding this election, upon presentation of a certificate of registration from the County in which he was originally registered, or upon his affidavit or other satisfactory evidence that he was so registered, and that he has not voted at this election. It shall be the duty of the Registrars, upon the application of any duly registered voter who has removed or is about to remove from the precinct in which he was originally registered, to furnish him with a certificate that he was so registered, and to note the fact in the registration books of the precinct. In default of the certificate, the affidavit of the voter must set forth the County and precinct in which he was originally registered and the length of time he has resided in the County in which he desires to vote. In doubtful cases, the Registrars or Inspectors of election shall require such additional evidence as may be necessary to satisfy them that the applicant is legally entitled to vote. Blank forms for the certificates and for the affidavits herein required, will be furnished the Registrars and the inspectors of election, and when used will be attached to the ballots cast by such voters, and will be transmitted to District Headquarters with the returns required by law.

Fifth. The said election will be held in each County at such places as may hereafter be designated, under the superintendence of the Boards of Registration as provided by law, and in accordance with instructions hereafter to be given to said Boards in conformity with the Acts of Congress and as far as may be with the laws of North Carolina.

Sixth. The polls shall be opened at such voting places at six o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at six o'clock in the afternoon of each day, and shall be kept open during those hours without intermission or adjournment.

Seventh. All Judges and Clerks employed in conducting said election shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties, and shall also take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

Eighth. No member of the Board of Registration, who is a candidate for election to any office to be filled at this election, shall serve as a Judge or Inspector of Election in any precinct which he seeks to represent.

At each the sheriff and other peace officers of each County are required to be present during the whole time that the polls are kept open, and until the voting is completed; and will be made responsible that there shall be no interference with Judges of election, or other interruption of good order. If there should be more than one polling place in any County, the Sheriff of the County is empowered and directed to make such assignments of his deputies, and other peace officers to the other polling places as may in his judgment best subserve the purposes of quiet and order; and he is further required to report those arrangements in advance to the Commanding Officer of Military Post in which his County is situated.

Tenth. Violence, or threats of violence, or of discharge from employment, or other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering or exercising his right of voting, is positively prohibited; and any such attempts will be reported by the Registrars or Judges of Elections, to the Post Commander, and will cause the arrest and trial of the offenders by military authority. The exhibition or carrying of deadly weapons in violation of General Orders No. 10, of 1867, at or in the vicinity of any polling places during the election herein ordered, will be regarded and treated as an additional offence.

Eleventh. All bar rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors by retail, will be closed from six o'clock in the evening of the 20th of April, until six o'clock of the morning of the 24th of April, 1868, and during this time the sale of all intoxicating liquors at or near any polling place is prohibited. The police officers of cities and towns, and the Sheriffs and other peace officers of Counties, will be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition, and will promptly arrest and hold for trial all persons who may transgress it.

Twelfth. Military interference with elections, unless it shall be necessary to repel the armed enemies of the United States, or to keep the peace at the polls," is prohibited by the Act of Congress approved February 25, 1865, and no soldiers will be allowed to appear at any polling place, unless as citizens of the State they are qualified and are registered as voters, and then only for the purpose of voting; but the Commanders of Posts will keep their troops well in hand on the days of election, and will be prepared to act promptly if the civil authorities are unable to preserve the peace.

Thirteenth. The returns required by law to be made to the Commander of the District of the Boards of Registration of the several Registration precincts through the Commanders of the Military Posts in which their precincts are situated, and in accordance with the detailed instructions hereafter to be given.

Fourteenth. The State officers to be voted for at this election are:

1. Governor.
2. Lieutenant-Governor.
3. Secretary of State.
4. Auditor
5. Treasurer
6. Superintendent of Public Works
7. Superintendent of Public Instruction.
8. Attorney-General.
9. One Chief Justice and four Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the State.
10. One Judge of the Superior Court for each of the following Judicial Districts:

First District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Gates, Hertford, Bertie.

Second District.—Tyrrell, Hyde, Washington, Beaufort, Martin, Pitt, Edgecombe.

Third District.—Craven, Carteret, Jones, Onslow, Greene, Lenoir, Wayne, Wilson.

Fourth District.—Brunswick, New Hanover, Duplin, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Robeson.

Fifth District.—Cumberland, Harnett, Moore, Richmond, Anson, Montgomery, Stanly, Union.

Sixth District.—Northampton, Warren, Halifax, Wake, Nash, Franklin, Johnston, Granville.

Seventh District.—Person, Orange, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Alamance, Caswell, Rockingham.

Eighth District.—Stokes, Forsythe, Davidson, Rowan, Davie, Yadkin Surry.

Ninth District.—Catawba, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleveland, Rutherford, Polk.

Tenth District.—Iredell, Burke, Caldwell, Wilkes, Alexander, Bedlowell.

Eleventh District.—Alleghany, Ashe, Watauga, Mitchell, Yancey, Madison, Buncombe.

Twelfth District.—Henderson, Transylvania, Haywood, Macon, Jackson, Clay, Cherokee.

The Chief Justice and the Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and the Judges of the Superior Courts, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State voting at large throughout the State.

11. One Solicitor for each Judicial District, to be elected by the qualified electors thereof.

12. Members of the General Assembly, as follows:

First District—Perquimans, Chowan, Pasquotank, Currituck, Gates and Camden, shall elect two Senators.

Second District—Martin, Washington and Tyrrell, shall elect one senator.

Third District—Beaufort and Hyde shall elect one Senator.

Fourth District—Northampton shall elect one Senator.

Fifth District—Bertie and Hertford shall elect one Senator.

Sixth District—Halifax shall elect one Senator.

Seventh District—Edgecombe shall elect one senator.

Eighth District—Pitt shall elect one senator.

Ninth District—Nash and Wilson shall elect one senator.

Tenth District—Craven and Carteret shall elect two senators.

Eleventh District—Jones and Lenoir shall elect one senator.

Twelfth District—Duplin and Onslow shall elect one senator.

Thirteenth District—Brunswick and New Hanover shall elect two senators.

Fourteenth District—Bladen and Columbus shall elect one senator.

Fifteenth District—Robeson shall elect one senator.

Sixteenth District—Cumberland, Harnett and Sampson shall elect two senators.

Seventeenth District—Johnston shall elect one senator.

Eighteenth District—Greene and Wayne shall elect one senator.

Nineteenth District—Franklin and Wake shall elect two senators.

Twentieth District—Warren shall elect one senator.

Twenty-first District—Granville and Person shall elect two senators.

Twenty-second District—Orange shall elect one senator.

Twenty-third District—Chatham shall elect one senator.

Twenty-fourth District—Caswell shall elect one senator.

Twenty-fifth District—Rockingham shall elect one senator.

Twenty-sixth District—Alamance and Guilford shall elect two senators.

Twenty-seventh District—Randolph and Montgomery shall elect one senator.

Twenty-eighth District—Moore and Richmond shall elect one senator.

Twenty-ninth District—Anson and Union shall elect one senator.

Thirtieth District—Mecklenburg shall elect one senator.

Thirty-first District—Cabarrus and Stanly shall elect one senator.

Thirty-second District—Davie and Rowan shall elect one senator.

Thirty-third District—Davidson shall elect one senator.

Thirty-fourth District—Forsythe and Stokes shall elect one senator.

Thirty-fifth District—Surry and Yadkin shall elect one senator.

Thirty-sixth District—Alexander and Iredell shall elect one senator.

Thirty-seventh District—Catawba, Gaston and Lincoln shall elect one senator.

Thirty-eighth District—Cleveland, Polk and Rutherford shall elect one senator.

Thirty-ninth District—Alleghany, Ashe and Wilkes shall elect one senator.

Fortieth District—Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania shall elect one senator.

Forty-first District—Burke, Caldwell and Watauga shall elect one senator.

Forty-second District—Madison, Mitchell, McDowell and Yancey shall elect one senator.

Forty-third District—Clay, Cherokee, Haywood, Jackson and Macon shall elect one senator.

The county of Wake shall elect four members; the counties of Craven, Granville, Halifax and New Hanover shall elect three members each; the counties of Caswell, Chatham, Cumberland, Davids n, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin, Guilford, Iredell, Johnston, Mecklenburg, Northampton, Orange, Pitt, Randolph, Robeson, Rockingham, Rowan, Warren and Wayne shall elect two members each; the counties of Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Anson, Ashe, Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Camden, Carteret, Catawba, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Cleveland, Columbus, Currituck, Davie, Forsyth, Gaston, Gates, Green, Harnett, Henderson, Haywood, Hertford, Hyde, Jackson, Jones, Lenoir, Lincoln, Macon Madison, Martin, McDowell, Mitchell Montgomery, Moore, Nash, Onslow, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Person, Polk, Richmond, Rutherford, sampson, Sandey, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Tyrrel, Union, Washington, Watauga, Wilkes, Wilson, Yadkin and Yancey shall elect one member each.

Fifteenth. The County officers to be voted for at this election are:

1. Sheriff.
2. Coroner.
3. Treasurer.
4. County Clerk of Superior Court.
5. Register of Deeds.
6. Surveyor.
7. Five Commissioners.

To be elected by the qualified electors of their respective Counties.

Sixteenth. The First Congressional District is composed of the Counties of Currituck Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Hertford, Gates, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde and Beaufort.

Second District—Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Greene, Edgecombe, Wilson, Onslow, Carteret and Duplin.

Third District—New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Harnett, Moore, Montgomery and Anson.

Fourth District—Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Nash, Johnston and Chatham.

Fifth District—Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsythe, Stokes, Surry, Person Stanly and Caswell.

Sixth District—Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes and Alexander.

Seventh District—Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleaveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee and Clay.

In each of which Districts, one person will be elected as Representative to the Congress of the United States by the qualified electors of the District.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. Ed. R. S. Canby,
LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aide-de-Camp, A. A. A. G.

Sugars, Sugars.

A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels.
April 6 tf Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD.

S. B. KAHNWEILER,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER

OF

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND BONNETS.

425 BROADWAY,

(BETWEEN CANAL AND HOWARD STS.)

NEW YORK.

March 19—1m

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I will trade fair.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 3-159-tf Hillsboro N. C.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Feb. 17-163-tf Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.

The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,	$8 00
" " six months,	4 00
" " three months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,	4 00
" " six months,	2 00
" " three months,	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-ty

CORN.

1,000 bushels on hand and to arrive.
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BACON.

100 Choice Va. and N. C. Hams.
50 " Shoulders.
Just to hand,
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

HAY.

50 bales Hay.
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel
W. H. JONES & CO.
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PRUNES.

6 dozen Jars, very superior.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,

NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

INTERESTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Brilliant Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenie, Biarritz, Velentines Delaines, Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Barnacles, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Chimey Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Chimey Laces, Real Guipure and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tamese, Canton Cloth, Bareetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenie, Velentines, Persian Cloths, Mousselines, Challies, Alpacas and Mohair, all of the very best, Lorpin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, Pekay Marseilles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes Garters, Elastics Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted, Bordered and Bugle Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denims, Bickney, Hackery, Dungeey, Canton in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Brown and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Drawers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linens, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is the true way to success is to secure the interest of your